

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF IDAHO

DUANE MILLER and DAWNELL
MILLER,

Plaintiffs,

v.

BAC HOME LOAN SERVICING, LP,
fka, COUNTRYWIDE HOME LOANS
SERVICING, LP, BANK OF
AMERICAN CORPORATION, and
RECONSTRUST COMPANY, N.A.,

Defendants.

Case No. 1:11-CV-00199-EJL

**ORDER ADOPTING REPORT
AND RECOMMENDATION**

On September 9, 2011, United States Magistrate Judge Ronald E. Bush issued a Report and Recommendation (Dkt. 16) in this matter. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the parties had fourteen days in which to file written objections to the Report and Recommendation. No objections were filed by the parties.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), this Court “may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings and recommendations made by the magistrate judge.” Moreover, this Court “shall make a de novo determination of those portions of the report

which objection is made.” *Id.* In *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003), the court interpreted the requirements of 28 U.S.C. 636(b)(1)(C):

The statute [28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C)] makes it clear that the district judge must review the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations de novo if objection is made, but not otherwise. As the *Peretz* Court instructed, “to the extent de novo review is required to satisfy Article III concerns, it need not be exercised unless requested by the parties.” *Peretz*, 501 U.S. at 939, 111 S.Ct. 2661 (internal citation omitted). Neither the Constitution nor the statute requires a district judge to review, de novo, findings and recommendations that the parties themselves accept as correct. *See Ciapponi*, 77 F.3d at 1251 (“Absent an objection or request for review by the defendant, the district court was not required to engage in any more formal review of the plea proceeding.”); *see also Peretz*, 501 U.S. at 937-39, 111 S.Ct. 2661 (clarifying that de novo review not required for Article III purposes unless requested by the parties)

See also Wang v. Masaitis, 416 F.3d 993, 1000 & n.13 (9th Cir. 2005). In this case, no objections were filed so the Court need not conduct a de novo determination of the Report and Recommendation. The Court did, however, review the Report and Recommendation and the record in this matter and finds the Report and Recommendation to be well-founded in the law based on the facts and circumstances of this particular case. In addition, as suggested in the Report and Recommendation, this Court has considered whether leave to amend should be granted in this matter considering the procedural posture of this case as well as the legal and factual allegations making up the basis for the claims in the current complaint. (Dkt. 16.) Having done so, the Court finds dismissal of

this case is appropriate because it does not appear the pleading could be cured by allowing Plaintiffs to amend the complaint.

ORDER

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Report and Recommendation (Dkt. 16) shall be **INCORPORATED** by reference and **ADOPTED** in its entirety.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant's Motion to Dismiss (Dkt. 8) is **GRANTED**.



DATED: **October 3, 2011**

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Edward J. Lodge".

Honorable Edward J. Lodge
U. S. District Judge